



AP LAW COMMON ENTRANCE TEST – 2018

APLAWCET / APPGLCET-2018

Conducted by
SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA UNIVERSITY

ANANTHAPURAMU– 515 003

On behalf of APSCHE, Hyderabad



Web site

www.sche.ap.gov.in/lawcet

USER MANUAL AND INSTRUCTION BOOKLET

Registration of Application

3 Year/ 5 Year LL.B Courses (APLAWCET)	Registration fee Rs.750/-
Post graduate Law courses LL.M (APPGLCET)	Registration fee Rs.850/-

Important Dates

Details	IMPORTANT DATES
Date of Commencement of submission of online application Forms	09-03-2018 (Friday)
Last Date for Submission of Applications without Late fee	05-04-2018 (Thursday)
Last Date for Submission of Application with a Late fee of Rs.500/-	06.04.2018 to 10.04.2018
Download of Hall Tickets	12-04-2018 onwards
Date and Time of AP LAW CET and APPGLCET	19-04-2018 (Thursday) 2-30 pm to 4-00 pm

AP LAW CET & AP PGLCET - 2018

In terms of G.O.Ms. No.26, Higher Education (H.E.II) Department, dated 24-3-2004 and G.O.Ms. No.52, Higher Education (UE-II) Department, dated 20-6-2007 and their amendments, issued by the Government of Andhra Pradesh, the competent authority, Chairman, APSCHE has entrusted the job of conducting the entrance tests APLAWCET and APPGLCET for admission into first year of 5-year LL.B / 3-year LL.B and first year of Postgraduate Law courses LL.M / M.L respectively to Sri Krishnadevaraya University, Ananthapuramu, Andhra Pradesh.

ELIGIBILITY FOR AP LAW CET-2018 & AP PGLCET-2018

3 year LL.B Course: The Candidates for 3 year LL.B. should have passed any Graduate Degree (10+2+3 pattern) of a recognized University with 45% of aggregate marks or any other examination recognized as equivalent by the Universities concerned. If any candidate secured less than 45% in graduation he should have passed any additional graduate or postgraduate degree with 45% aggregate marks.

5 Year LL.B. Course: The Candidates for 5 year LL.B. should have passed two year Intermediate Examination (10+2 pattern) with 45% of aggregate marks or any other examination recognized as equivalent by the University concerned or the Board of Intermediate Education, A.P.

Note: There is a relaxation of 5% of marks in the above qualifying examinations for 3 year / 5 year Law course in favour of the candidates belonging to SC / ST and relaxation of 3% of marks for candidates belonging to other backward classes.

2 Year LL.M. Course: Candidates holding LL.B./B.L. degree on the date of application and candidates who have appeared/appearing for LL.B./B.L. Final year examination are also eligible. A candidate appearing for LLB/BL degree examinations may take the AP PGLCET in anticipation of results. However the candidate shall have passed the qualifying examination with 50% marks in aggregate (for OC/BC) and 45% marks in aggregate (for SC/ST) at the time of counseling.

ELIGIBILITY	3-YEAR LLB	5-YEAR LLB	LLM
For OC Candidates	Degree/PG with minimum 45% marks	Intermediate with minimum 45% marks	B.L./LLB degree with minimum 50% marks
For BC Candidates	Degree/PG with minimum 42% marks	Intermediate with minimum 42% marks	B.L./LLB degree with minimum 50% marks
For SC/ST Candidates	Degree/PG with minimum 40% marks	Intermediate with minimum 40% marks	B.L./LLB degree with minimum 45% marks

Note: 1) Mere appearance in AP LAW CET / AP PGLCET will not give any right of admission. The candidate shall satisfy all the eligibility criteria and should satisfy rules governing admission as are applicable at the time of admission.

2.) The applicants who have obtained 10+2 or graduation / post graduation through single sitting system directly without having any basic qualification for prosecuting such studies are not eligible for admission into the law courses.

3) Age on admission into law courses is subject to the rule position in vogue at the time of admission.

4) Nationality and Domicile: The candidate should be an Indian National and should satisfy Local / non-local status requirement as laid down in the Andhra Pradesh Educational Institutions (Regulation of Admissions) Order, 1974 and the amendments made thereto from time to time.

Centers of Entrance Test (APLAWCET/APPGLCET):

Anantapuramu, Chittoor, Tirupathi, Kadapa, Kurnool, Nandyal, Nellore, Ongole,
Guntur, Vijayawada, Bhimavaram, Kakinada, Rajamahendravaram,
Visakhapatnam, Vizianagaram, Srikakulam

However, Convener reserves the right to allot candidates to any other center(s) in unavoidable circumstances.

Medium of Entrance Test: The APLAWCET will be conducted in English and Telugu versions and APPGLCET question paper will be in English only.

Test Paper Information:

APLAWCET: The Test is designed to evaluate the candidate's General Knowledge, Mental ability, current affairs and aptitude to pursue the study of Law. The Test consists of three parts. Total number of questions will be 120 and the duration of test is 90 minutes. Maximum marks are 120.

Part – A: Consists of 30 questions carrying 30 marks: **General Knowledge and Mental Ability**

Part – B: Consists of 30 questions carrying 30 marks: **Current Affairs**

Part – C: Consists of 60 questions carrying 60 marks: **Aptitude for the Study of Law.** In the questions in Part-C, Aptitude for the study of Law, elementary knowledge of the basic principles of the Law and Constitution of India on the part of the Student is assumed

For 5 year Law Course, the standard expected is of Intermediate level and for 3 year Law Course, the standard expected is of Degree Level.

APPGLCET:

A Single entrance test is conducted for all the courses of LL.M. It is of 90 minutes duration and consists of 120 questions of 1 mark each. Part-A consists of 40 questions (Jurisprudence 20, Constitutional Law 20; Total 40 questions of 1 mark each); and Part -B consists of 80 questions (public International Law 16, Mercantile Law 16, Labour Law 16, Crimes and Torts 16, and IPR & Other Laws 16)..

The Questions will be objective type including multiple choices questions, matching items. Each Question contains four alternative answers and candidates have to pick up the correct answer from among the choices given.

Qualifying marks in AP LAW CET-2018: The qualifying percentage of marks in the Entrance Test is 35% (i.e. 42 marks out of total 120 marks). There will be no minimum qualifying marks for S.Cs & S.Ts for ranking.

Qualifying marks in AP PGLCET-2018: The qualifying percentage of marks in the Entrance Test is 25%. (i.e. 30 marks out of total 120 marks). There will be no qualifying marks for S.Cs & S.Ts for ranking.

AP LAW CET-2018 Results:

- a. **Evaluation:** Every care will be taken to avoid errors in evaluation, checking, scrutiny, tabulation and ranking. Hence, request for retotalling or revaluation or personal identification of scripts will not be entertained.
- b. **Ranking:** The Candidates will be ranked in the order of merit based on the marks obtained in the AP LAW CET-2018 / AP PGLCET-2018. In case of tie the relative rank will be decided as mentioned below:
 - i) By considering the marks secured in Part-C of AP LAW CET and if the tie still persists marks obtained in Part-B in AP LAW CET shall be taken into consideration.
 - ii) If the tie still persists they may be bracketed together for the purpose of ranking and seniority in age may be considered at the time of admission.
- c. **Rank obtained in AP LAW CET-2018 is valid for admission into 3 year / 5 year Law Courses, as the case may be, for the academic year 2018-2019 only.**

AP PGLCET-2018 Results:

- a) **Evaluation:** Every care will be taken to avoid errors in evaluation, checking, scrutiny, tabulation and ranking.
- b) **Ranking:** The Candidates will be ranked as per the total marks obtained in the Entrance Test. If there is a tie in total marks, the marks obtained in Part-A of Entrance Test will be considered for awarding the rank. If the tie persists they may be bracketed together for the purpose of ranking and seniority in age may be considered at the time of admission.
- d. **The Candidates are advised to download the Rank Card from the web site www.sche.ap.gov.in/lawcet after one week of the publication of results. In case of the any difficulty in downloading the Rank Card the candidates are advised to contact the Convener's office.**

SYLLABUS FOR AP PGLCET – 2018

The candidates should be thorough in jurisprudence, constitutional law, Public international law, Mercantile law, labour laws, crimes and torts, IPR & other laws. However

concentration should be on the following.

Part-A: 40 Questions 40 marks

I) JURISPRUDENCE: 20 Questions ... 20 marks

Schools of Jurisprudence - Sources of Law, Custom Precedent and Legislation, Rights and duties - Ownership and Possession,

Persons, Obligation, Property, Liability, Legal Sanctions.

II) CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: 20 Questions ... 20 marks

Nature of the constitution: Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Executive, Judiciary and

Legislature, Center-State Relations, Emergency provisions, Amendments to the constitution.

Part-B: 80 Questions 80 marks

III) PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW: 16 Questions ... 16 marks

International Law and Municipal Law, Subjects, State Territory, Air, Sea and outer space, Nationality and

Statelessness, Extradition, Asylum, State Jurisdiction, United Nations.

IV) MERCANTILE LAW: 16 Questions ... 16 marks

General Principles of Contract (Sections. 1-75, Indian Contract Act-1872).

V) LABOUR LAW: 16 Questions ... 16 marks

Trade Union Act 1926. Industrial Disputes Act 1947.

VI) CRIMES and TORTS: CRIMES: 16 Questions ... 16 marks

Indian Penal Code -General Principles & General Exceptions. TORTS: General principles of Tort, , Defences, Joint liability,

State liability for torts; Consumer Protection Act,1986

VII) IPR & OTHER LAWS: 16Questions ... 16 marks

Copy right Act, 1957; Patents Act, 2005; Environmental Protection Act, 1986; Human Rights,The Protection of Human Rights

Act, 1993, Salient features of Information Technology Act, 2000 and Right to Information Act 2005.

APLAWCET MODEL PAPER

- The first personal computer made in 1975 was
(1) Altair (2) Aleph (3) Apple (4) Atari
(1) ఆల్టైర్ (2) అలెఫ్ (3) యాపిల్ (4) ఆటారి
- The most significant contribution of Max Weber is
(1) Professional Bureaucracy (2) Guardian Bureaucracy
(1) ప్రొఫెషనల్ అత్యంత గణనీయంగా ప్రతిపాదించిన విధానం (2) గార్డయన్ అత్యంత గణనీయంగా ప్రతిపాదించిన విధానం
- Enzymes are classified on the basis of types of
(1) Amino acids (2) Substrates (3) Reaction
(1) అమైనో ఆమ్లాలు (2) సబ్స్ట్రేట్లు (3) ప్రతిచర్యలు
- 'Kangaroo' conveys
(1) Dancing Bells (2) That jumps quickly (3) Kangaroo
(1) డాన్సింగ్ బెల్స్ (2) థాట్ జంప్స్ క్వీక్లీ (3) కంగారూ

PART - B : CURRENT AFFAIRS

- This person found first place among richest in India
(1) Hinduja brothers (2) Lakhmi Mittal (3) Jai Singh
(1) హిందూజా సోదరులు (2) లక్ష్మీ మిట్టల్ (3) జై సింగ్
- Sanskriti Pratisthan recently awarded for journal
(1) Dionne Bunsha (2) N.S. Harsha (3) B. M. Srinivas
(1) డియోన్ బున్షా (2) ఎన్.ఎస్. హర్షా (3) బి.ఎం. స్రీనివాస్
- In which planet seven more moons were discovered
(1) Mars (2) Jupiter (3) Venus (4) Saturn
(1) మార్స్ (2) జూపిటర్ (3) వీనస్ (4) శని
- World's second space tourist was
(1) Mark Shuttleworth (2) Bill Gates (3) Azim Premji
(1) మార్క్ షుట్లెవర్త్ (2) బిల్ గేట్స్ (3) ఆజిం ప్రేంజీ

PART-C: APTITUDE FOR THE STUDY OF LAW

- The three legislative lists in the Constitution are
(1) Second Schedule (2) Ninth Schedule (3) First Schedule (4) Tenth Schedule
(1) రెండవ సూచిక (2) నవవ శాసనసూచిక (3) మొదటి సూచిక (4) పదవ శాసనసూచిక
- The number of permanent members in the Supreme Court is
(1) Five (2) Three (3) Seven (4) Two
(1) ఐదు (2) మూడు (3) ఏడు (4) రెండు
- Fundamental duties were introduced as Part IV of the Constitution by
(1) First Amendment Act (2) 24 Amendment Act (3) 42 Amendment Act (4) 44 Amendment Act
(1) మొదటి సవరణ చట్టం (2) 24 సవరణ చట్టం (3) 42 సవరణ చట్టం (4) 44 సవరణ చట్టం
- 'X' buys a house built by a Co-operative Housing Society. The house is registered with
(1) Sub Registrar (2) Highcourt Registrar (3) Revenue Officer (4) District Registrar
(1) సబ్ రిజిస్ట్రార్ (2) హైకోర్టు రిజిస్ట్రార్ (3) రివెన్యూ అధికారి (4) డిస్ట్రిక్ట్ రిజిస్ట్రార్

X. GENERAL INFORMATION / INSTRUCTIONS:

- The Convener or/and the Common Entrance Test Committee reserve the right to reject the application of a candidate at any stage, if a) the application is incomplete. b) the candidate fails to satisfy the prescribed eligibility conditions. c) false or incorrect information is furnished.
- Candidate shall with utmost precaution choose the appropriate test 3-year / 5-year / LLM based on his qualification. Convener, APLAWCET-2018 is not responsible for wrong selection of the entrance test paper to be attempted.
- Any change whatsoever, including that of caste/community status or category, shall not be permitted to be made in the filled in application once it is submitted to the Convener. No correspondence will be entertained in this regard

4. The Convener is not responsible for the non – submission of application by the notified date and time for any reason whatsoever.
5. The Candidate should preserve the hall ticket to produce it at the time of test and later at the time of entry into the course.
6. Applicants should download hall tickets from website www.sche.ap.gov.in/lawcet only.
7. The appearance at AP LAW CET – 2018 does not entitle any candidate to be considered for entry into the course automatically.
- 8 The rank obtained with the benefit of relaxation of minimum qualifying marks at the APLAWCET-2018 by any candidate, claiming to belong to SC/ST category, will be cancelled in case the claim is found to be invalid later or at any point of time.
9. The selection of candidates and allotment to colleges will be on the basis of rank obtained at the Common Entrance Test and other conditions laid down.
10. Candidate will not be permitted into the exam hall after the scheduled time on the date of entrance test.
11. In any litigation, the party to be impleaded shall be the Convener of the APLAWCET- 2018 only and this shall be subject to the jurisdiction of High Court of A.P.
12. **Candidates are advised to practise the mock tests placed in the website and familiarize with the mode of attempting the online test.**